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Better linking people to jobs through responsive employment services
The Australian Experience

9th Annual Expert Meeting on Employment and Skills Strategies In South East Asia (ESSSA) OECD Hanoi, Vietnam - **Break out session 1A**

October 2017



About this presentation

A profile of Australian labour market assistance policy, programmes, systems and practice

1) Backgound

About NESA

About Australian labour markets and labour market assistance

2) Employment Services System

The framework

The principles, capacities and mechanisms that drive effective practice and job matching

3) Future directions

Lessons to consider

Future challenges

Future opportunities





- Established 1997 to prepare for the contracting out of employment services
- Our vision is opportunity for all through employment and inclusion
- Representative 'peak body' for all employment services providers



"We help people who help people get jobs" - NESA

- ★ Our members assist employers and job seekers including people with disability, Indigenous people, youth, mature age workers, people with mental health issues, migrants and others
- We advocate for and promote the sector and policy improvements
- ★ We provide capacity and capability building across the sector

About Australia

24 million people

7.6 million km2 – (3 people / km2)

89% live in urban areas

Eight States and Territories

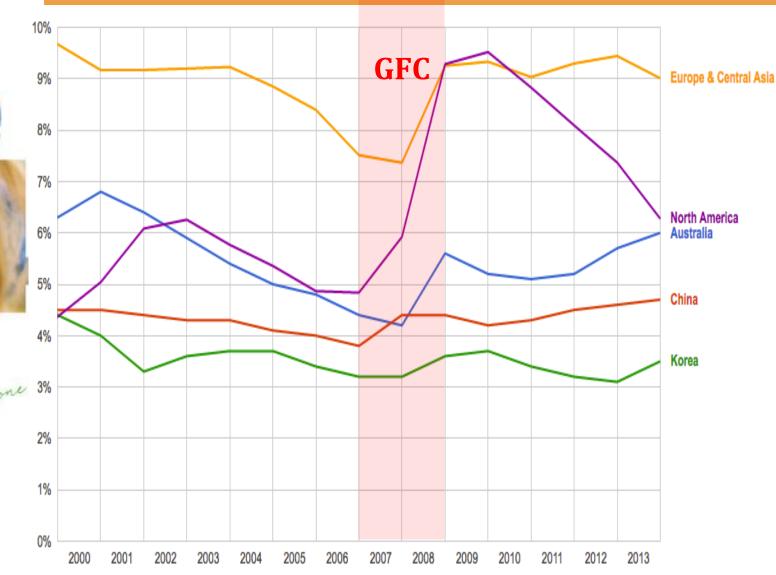
25 consecutive years of economic growth

Relatively steady labour market participation rates through shocks



Australian Labour Markets

Oct 2017 Participation rate: 64.4% Unemployment rate: 5.6%





Australian Labour Markets





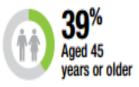












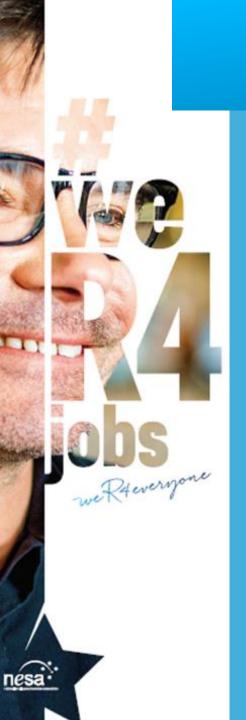


The average rate of increase in employment in the last decade was 1.6%

Part-time employment increasing

Some Australian cohorts do not enjoy equal participation statistics (disability, Indigenous, women, youth, retrenched workers)

Trend of decreasing jobs in manufacturing and agriculture & increasing jobs in the service sector



Australian labour market assistance arrangements

Federal, State and Territory Governments share responsibly for education and training

Central government is responsible for social security, employment services and labour market data - this enables integrated and nationally consistent job seeker support

- Claiming income support comes with obligations for most people to be actively looking for work
- Centrelink is the gateway to employment services and they use the Job Seeker Classification Index (JSCI) to ensure job seekers are referred appropriately
- **★** The Employment Services IT System (ESS) is key

The Employment Services System Framework **Dept. of PM and Cabinet** Dept. of Employment Dept. of Social Services Community Development jobactive **Programme Disability Employment** Services Indigenous Procurement Transition To Work Dept. of Human Services Youth Jobs PaTH centrelink **KPI** reporting Referrals Job seeker **Employment Services** Assessments - JSCI **Providers Job Seeker Employers Payments Business Industry** Job seekers **Education Employment** & Training **Services Providers Gateway** Outcomes: effective labour market matching



About Australian Employment Services

Fully outsourced since 1998

More than 217 non-government service provider organisations for-profit and not-for-profit

Contracted by government to softer local labour market assistance to job seekers and employers



Australian Employment Services Programmes

Evolution











2010

2009

Services Australia

Work for the Dole Coordinators
Transition to Work (TTW)
National Harvest Labour Service
New Enterprise Incentive Scheme (NEIS)
Vocational Training and Employment Centres (VTEC)

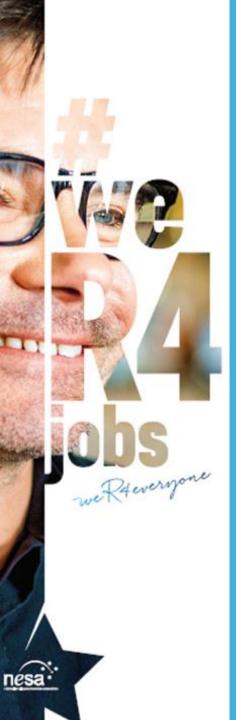
Parents Next

Underlying design principles that remain valid

About the Australian Employment Services

'Quasi-Market'

- **A managed use of market drivers** with tenders + rewards or sanctions based on comparative outcome performance (Star Ratings)
- **tocal contracts** place based local knowledge and networks
- ★ Outcome based funding incentives for tailored practice that 'does what it takes' to overcome barriers to work- decisions about training and support options informed by local labour markets and individual circumstances
- * Responsive the contracted network of organisations, expertise and infrastructure can be relatively quickly reoriented in response to new evidence, inevitable change and economic shocks – mediated by the peak body



Employment Servicessystems and experience

- ★ Contracted employment services providers are closely and constantly monitored and held accountable to a strict compliance framework (using the ESS IT system and platform)
- ★ There is a risk that overly stringent compliance monitoring might undermine the capacity to tailor support (a good balance must be struck between industry led best practice standards and government monitored regulation)
- ★ The Star Ratings System drives performance builds based on millions of data points and calculations (good labour market information as seen on the LMIP portal is critical to this) www.lmip.gov.au



EffectivePractice in Employment Services

centres around a 'Job Plan' & mutual obligations

Referral options include:

- ★ "Employability skills training"
- ★ "Employer required training"
- ★ Subsidised internships and work experience
- ★ Referral to apprenticeships
- ★ The Skills for Education and Employment (SEE) scheme
- ★ Work for the Dole
- ★ New Enterprise Incentive Scheme
- real labour market needs 🖈 Community Development Programme

well-tailored assistance

skilled practitioners

funding for job seeker training and career development

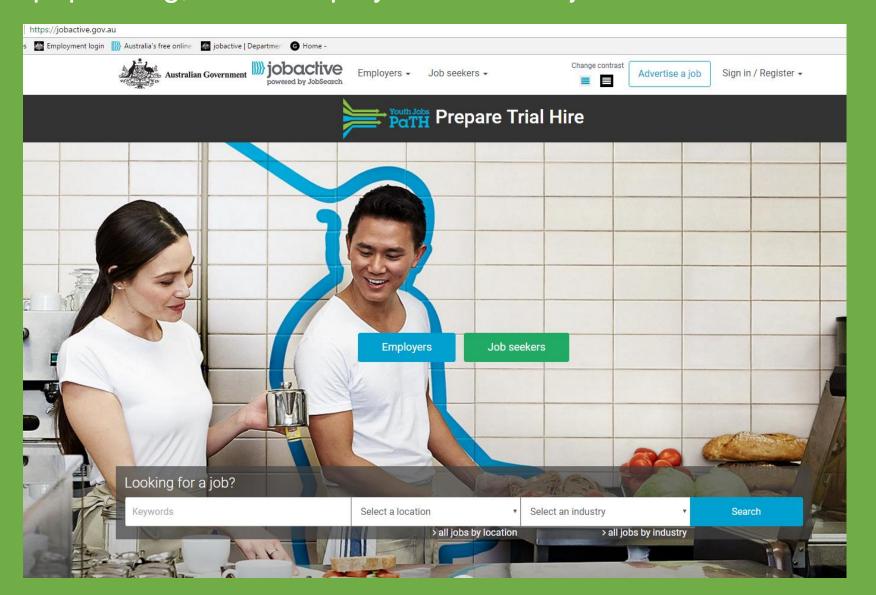
referrals by providers to appropriate support, skills development or training options that meet real labour market needs



The Employment Services System IT Platform **Dept. of PM and Cabinet** Dept. of Social Services **Dept. of Employment** The centralised employment services IT system (ESS) is critical centrelink to the effectiveness and integration of **Assessments** JSCI employmentiservices **Employers Business Industry** Job seekers **Education** & Training **Providers**

Outcomes: effective labour market matching

Constantly evolving use of technology to assist with job matching - including Apps, webb plaforms, automatic CV populating, direct employer access to job seeker databases etc



Future Directions: Lessons to Consider

Contracted services (public and private) - consider strategic long-term policy implications, contract procurement and performance framework

Aligning welfare and employment policy to complement approach and delivery

Importance of a clear activation model across employment, education and training, supported by government policy

Government investing in contract stability through outsourcing provider capacity development to reduce contract turnover

Measures for inclusive employment including youth, people with disability and long-term unemployed

Value and importance of staff training and capacity building

Value of industry endorsed standards focussed on high performance not compliance – and risks with not mandating their use



Future Challenges

Technology and globalisation is changing jobs and the structure of employment and organisations.



Some businesses may struggle to adapt and gain the skills and labour required to compete in new economic landscapes Some job seekers may not have access to new economic opportunities



Free-lance, contract, casual and flexible work options are increasing – supported by digital technology

Job mobility, adaptability, entrepreneurship and life long learning is increasingly part of the labour market dynamics



Future opportunities



Inclusive economic development Responsive, tailored, local and community based **employment services** can help ensure labour market productivity growth is inclusive of all people Integrating employment, training and industry demand

Employment services help employers to meet their evolving labour and skills needs – they bring labour market participant goals together



Future Directions in Australia

ParentsNext

Tailored and targeted support (an investment approach) - less red-tape

Disability Employment Services

More consumer choice

Community Development Programme

Contracted to Indigenous owned organisations Capacity building

Retrenched and mature worker support Early intervention



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National Employment
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